(Revised September 12, 2023)

Chapter Seven: Development Standards and Design Guidelines

(Revised September 12, 2023)

This chapter provides development standards and design guidelines for development in the Downtown Village Specific Plan. This chapter is organized as follows:

- 7.1 Objectives of the Standards and Guidelines
- 7.2 Development Standards for the Village Center
- 7.3 Development Standards for the Specific Plan Area Outside of the Village Center
- 7.4 Development Standards Applicable to the Entire Downtown Village Specific Plan Area
- 7.5 Development Standards for Multi-family Residential Projects in Residential or Mixed Use 2 Districts of the Downtown Village Specific Plan
- 7.6 Development Standards for Single-Family Residential Projects in the Downtown Village Specific Plan
- 7.7 Development Standards for Mixed Use Projects in the Downtown Village Specific Plan
- 7.8 Development Standards for Institutional Projects in the Downtown Village Specific plan
- 7.9 Development Standards for Multi-Family Residential Projects in Mixed Use 12 and Mixed Use 25 Districts of the Downtown Village Specific Plan
- 7.10 Downtown Village Specific Plan (DVSP)-Housing Element Implementation Overlay Zone (HEIOZ)
- 7.11 Design Guidelines for the Downtown Village Specific Plan

7.1 Objectives of the Standards and Guidelines

The primary objectives of the development standards and design guidelines in the Downtown Village Specific Plan are to:

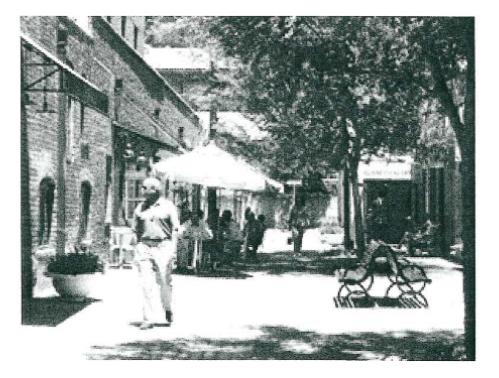
Create a pedestrian-friendly environment.

Preserve the unique views of the mountains and foothills. Maintain and enhance the city's low density character and small town atmosphere.

The standards and guidelines contained here and in the City's *Design Options Manual* (Appendix 2) and *Design Options Manual for Small Projects* are intended to assist the City in achieving these objectives. All projects should be reviewed in the context of these basic design principles. Where differences exist between the *Design Options Manual* (Appendix 2), the *Design Options Manual for Small Projects*, and the Specific Plan, the provisions of the Specific Plan shall govern.

Figure 7.1 on the opposite page illustrates the placement of retail or civic structures at the edges of streets and public parks in the Village Center. This creates a continuously active and pleasant pedestrian experience. Parking areas are also screened from view by the building placements. Other placements of buddings are allowed so long as continuity of pedestrian activity and screening of parking are achieved. Figures 7.2 and 7.3, on the following pages, also illustrate many of the standards and guidelines in the context of these primary objectives. References to these figures are noted where appropriate.

The figures and illustrations in this chapter are used to convey the intent of the Downtown Village Specific Plan. They represent one way of applying the standards and guidelines and are not intended to regulate site design and layout. To illustrate this point, Appendix 1 contains three conceptual site plans for the La Cañada Properties site that differ in overall design, but generally comply with the Design Standards and Guidelines in this Plan.



Walkways behind structures along Foothill Boulevard and the North Road can be as attractive as the streetscapes.



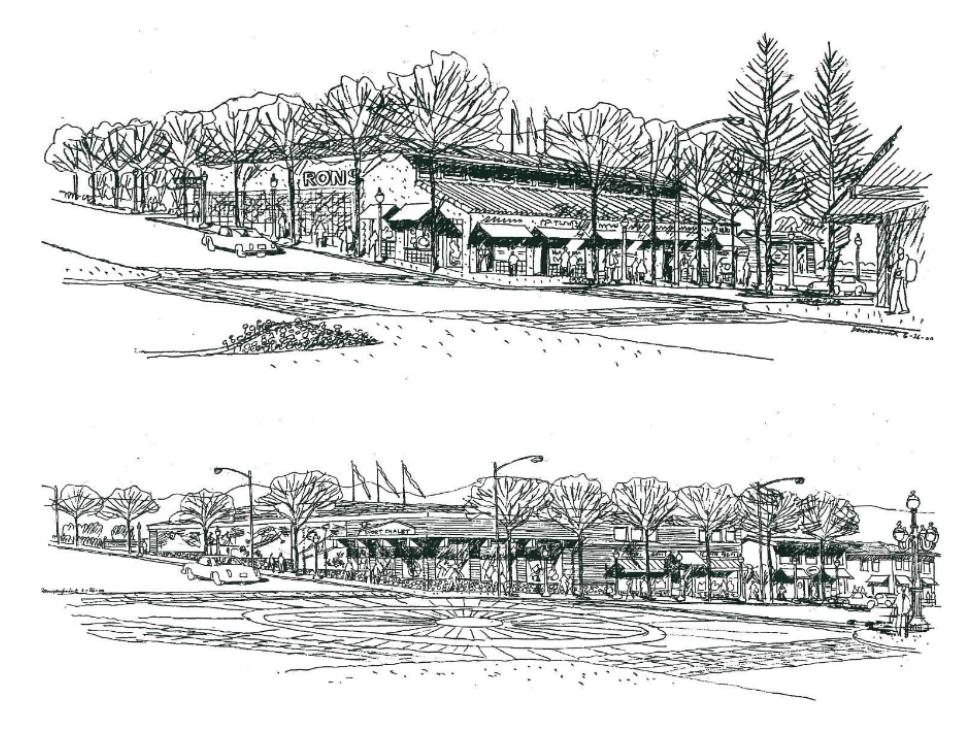
Figure 7.1: Conceptual Illustrative Plan for the Village Center

7.2 Development Standards for the Village Center

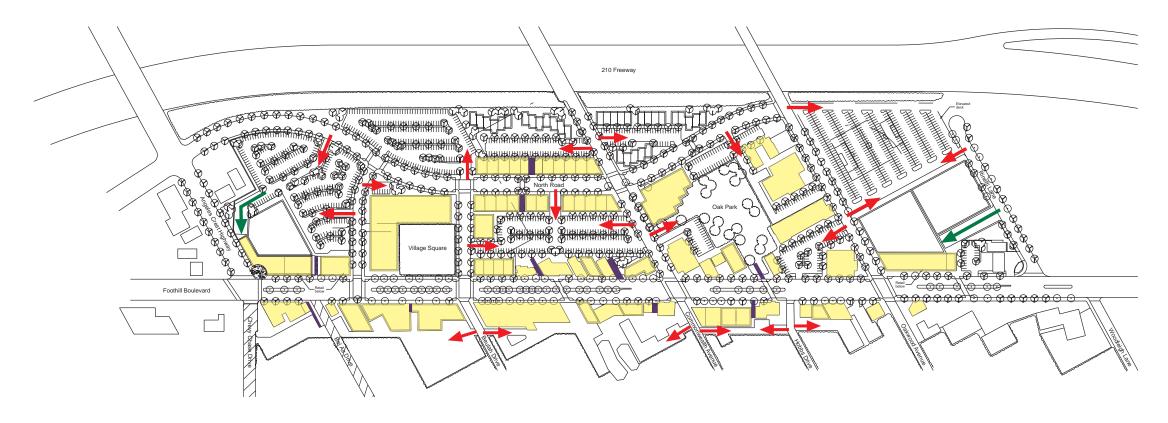
The following development standards shall apply to all development in the Village Center of the Specific Plan area. The Village Center is described and illustrated in Chapter 4 and is defined as the five block long area located between Angeles Crest Highway and Rinetti Lane within the Specific Plan boundaries.

7.2.1 Setbacks for Structures in the Village Center

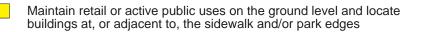
- 7.2.1.1 Setbacks for commercial, mixed use, and multi-family residential structures along Foothill Boulevard and the North Road shall be an average of 5 feet from the front property line for the ground floor and second floor, and an average of ten feet for the third floor.
- 7.2.1.2 Where projects with only commercial uses exceed 35,000 square feet in area, a portion of the square footage may be freestanding within the development parcel, provided that there are smaller scale retail structures that provide continuous frontage along Foothill Boulevard pursuant to the setback requirement in subsection 7.2.1.1, for the purpose of screening parking areas.
- 7.2.1.3 No parking is allowed within the front setbacks, except that any parking that is provided in a fully underground parking structure may extend into a required front setback. The front setbacks, if provided, shall be designed in such a manner so as to not interfere with immediate pedestrian access for window-shopping or restrict access to outdoor dining areas.
- 7.2.1.4 At the intersection of Foothill Boulevard, Angeles Crest Highway and the realigned Chevy Chase Drive, corner setbacks of at least 20 feet shall be provided for a distance of at least 30 feet from each corner of that intersection.



The retail edges of larger commercial strcutures along Foothill Boulevard will maint the pedestrian vitaility of Foothill Boulevard. Aslo, building forms will be stepped and/or sloped to preserve mountain views.



Note: Building shapes are illustrative and not intended to indicate final design.



Encourage mid-block pass-throughs

Provide truck loading for major eastern site off Rinetti Lane to minimize conflicts with the pedestrian environment



- Provide truck loading for major western site off the North Road to minimize conflicts with the pedestrian environment
- Provide parking access from the north-south streets or the North Road

Figure 7.2: Development Standards and Design Guidelines to Create a Pedestrian Friendly Environment

7.2.1.5 Rear setbacks of a minimum of five feet or fifteen (15) feet shall be provided for any use adjoining Residential land use districts. Any project abutting a Residential land use district shall comply with R-1 building bulk limits along the common boundary.

The general design intent of these setback requirements is illustrated in figures 7.2 and 7.3 and the sketches contained in this section of the Specific Plan. See also Appendix 1 for examples of Concept Plans which generally meet these setback requirements and other provisions of this section of the Specific Plan.

7.2.2. Access and Loading in the Village Center

7.2.2.1 In order to provide continuity of pedestrian activity on Foothill Boulevard and the North Road, parking access from the nor t h-south streets or the North Road is encouraged. No driveways or curb cuts shall be allowed along the north side of Foothill Boulevard (see Figure 7.2). Development in the block bounded by Foothill Boulevard, Beulah Drive, Commonwealth Avenue and the new North Road may be temporarily exempt from this requirement until the ultimate street pattern and parking concept for this area is developed. Therefore, it may be necessary in some instances to continue to allow existing access from Foothill Boulevard until such time that the street system and parking structure for this area is constructed.

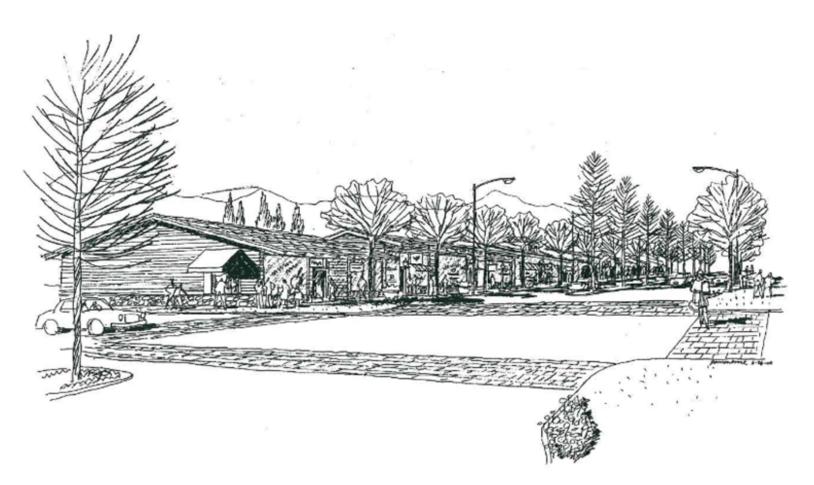
7.2.2.2 To avoid conflicts between pedestrians and semi-trucks on major streets, the following shall apply:

In Subarea 1, (see Figure 7.6) semi-truck loading areas shall be accessed from the North Road or Beulah Drive, and in Subarea 3, semi-truck loading areas shall be accessed from Rinetti Lane, as referenced in Figure 7.2. Truck loading areas shall be screened by architectural and/or landscape elements consistent with the design of the structure.

7.2.3 Building Height Requirements for Structures Fronting Foothill Boulevard in the Village Center

All structures fronting Foothill Boulevard in the Village Center, except institutional structures, mixed use structures, and multi-family residential structures in the MU 12 and MU 25 Districts and in the DVSP-HEIOZ, are subject to the requirements of 7.2.3.1 and 7.2.3.2 below. These height requirements shall be measured from the existing sidewalk grade along Foothill Boulevard.

Institutional structures fronting Foothill Boulevard in the Village Center are exempt from the requirements of 7.2.3.1 and 7.2.3.2 and shall be subject to the provisions of the Public/Semi-Public zone as defined in the Zoning Code.



Development of structures with sloping roofs will maintain views of the mountains and foothills along Foothill Boulevard in the Village Center.

(Revised September 12, 2023)



Note: Building shapes are illustrative and not intended to indicate final design.

Single or two story buildings with sloped and/or stepped roofs

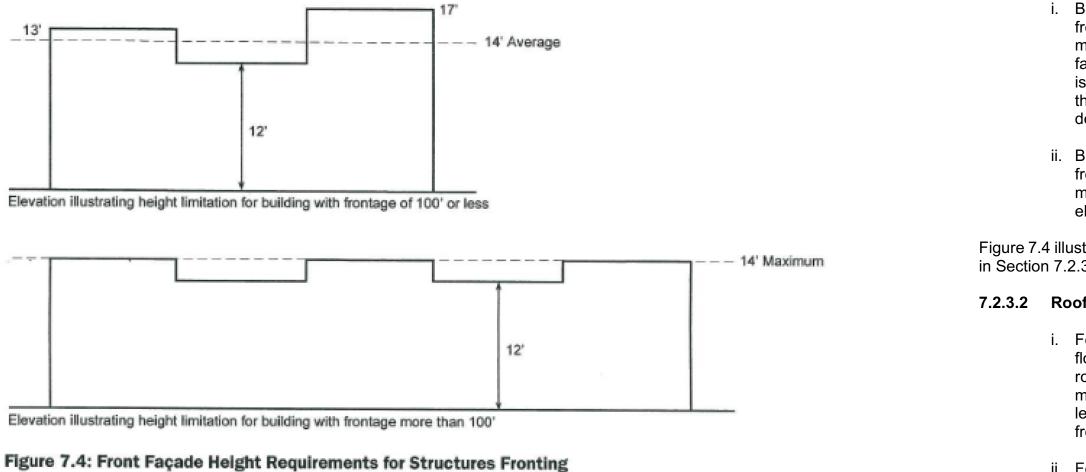
Buildings along Foothill Boulevard over 35,000 square feet in size may be up to 32 feet in height with sloped and/or stepped roofs



Two story buildings allowed

Figure 7.3: Development Standards to Preserve Mountains Views





Foothill Boulevard in the Village Center



7.2.3.1

i. Buildings fronting on Foothill Boulevard with a linear frontage of 100 feet or less in length shall have a maximum average height of 14 feet at the front facade elevation of the building. The 14-foot average is to be calculated on the linear frontage excluding the area allocated to architectural elements as described in 7.2.5.1.

ii. Buildings fronting Foothill Boulevard with a linear frontage greater than 100 feet in length shall have a maximum height of 14 feet at the front façade elevation of the building.

Figure 7.4 illustrates the front façade height requirements set forth in Section 7.2.3.1.

Roof Height Requirements

Section 7.2.3.1.

Front Façade Height Requirement

i. For buildings fronting Foothill Boulevard with a gross floor area of 35,000 square feet or less, the building roof may slope, or the building may step, up to a maximum height of 24 feet (or 2 stories, whichever is less in height) at a distance 25 feet or more from the front property line.

ii. For buildings fronting Foothill Boulevard with a gross floor area greater than 35,000 square feet with commercial uses only, the building roof may slope, or the building may step, up to a maximum height of 24 feet (or 2 stories, whichever is less in height) at a distance 25 feet or more from the front property line, and to a maximum height of 32 feet at a distance 60 feet or more from the front property line.

Figure 7.5 illustrates the roof height requirement set forth in

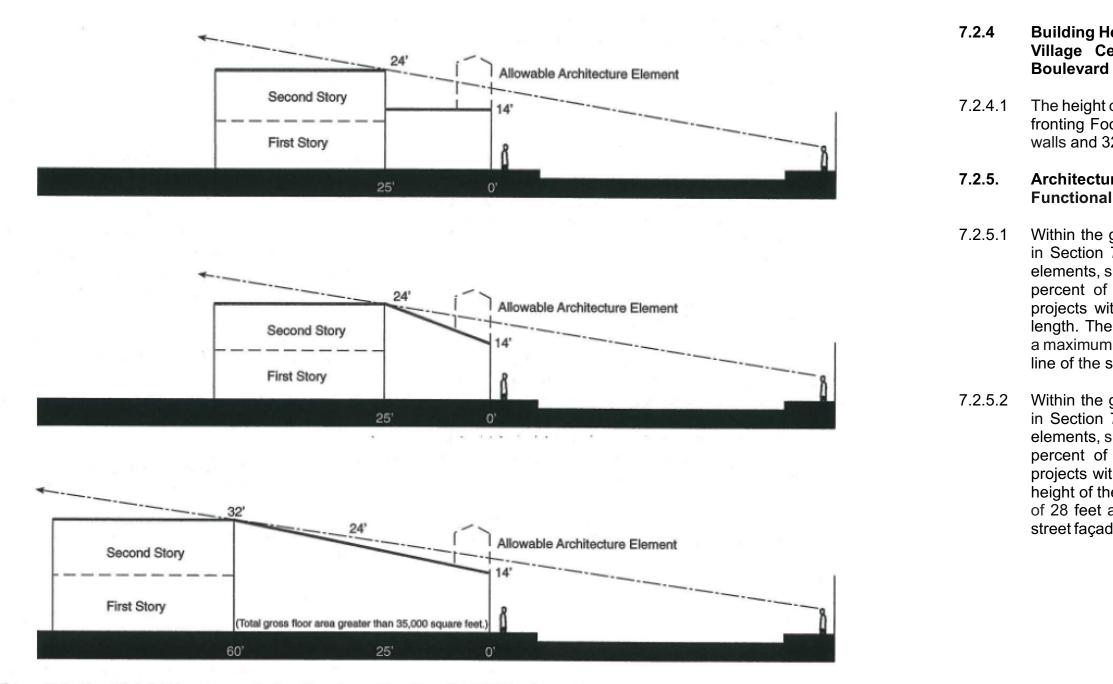


Figure 7.5: Roof Height Requirements for Structures Fronting Foothill Boulevard in the Village Center

Building Heights Requirements for Structures in the Village Center That Do Not Front on Foothill

The height of structures in the Village Center that are not fronting Foothill Boulevard shall not exceed 24 Set for walls and 32 feet to the highest point of the roof.

Architectural Elements to Add Variety and Functionality to the Rooflines in the Village Center

Within the general context of the height limits set forth in Section 7.2.3 and Section 7.2.4, taller architectural elements, such as building towers, may occupy up to 20 percent of the street-facing elevation of commercial projects with a linear frontage of less than 100 feet in length. The height of the architectural elements shall be a maximum of 28 feet and the wall height at the property line of the street facade shall not exceed 24 feet.

Within the general context of the height limits set forth in Section 7.2.3 and Section 7.2.4, taller architectural elements, such as building towers, may occupy up to 40 percent of the street-facing elevation of commercial projects with a linear frontage of 100 feet or more. The height of the architectural element shall be a maximum of 28 feet and the wall height at the property line of the street façade shall not exceed 24 feet.

(Revised September 12, 2023)

7.2.6 **Building Size Limitation Overlay**

In addition to all other requirements, for buildings with only commercial uses, building size in the Village Center shall be limited as set forth in the following Subareas (see Figure 7.6).

- Subarea 1 shall be the area north and south of Foothill 7.2.6.1 Boulevard, east of Angeles Crest Highway and west of Beulah Drive (as it would extend to the I-210 Freeway). In Subarea 1, a maximum of one building greater than 35,000 square feet but less than or equal to 55,000 square feet shall be permitted. All other buildings in Subarea 1 shall be less than 35,000 square feet.
- 7.2.6.2 Subarea 2 shall be the area north of Foothill Boulevard, east of Commonwealth Avenue and west of Oakwood Avenue. In Subarea 2, a maximum of one building greater than 35,000 square feet but less than or equal to 55,000 square feet shall be permitted. All other buildings in Subarea 2 shall be less than 35,000 square feet.
- 7.2.6.3 Subarea 3 shall be the area north of Foothill Boulevard. east of Oakwood Avenue and west of Rinetti Lane. In Subarea 3, a maximum of two buildings greater than 35,000 square feet but less than or equal to 55,000 square feet shall be permitted. All other buildings in Subarea 3 shall be less than 35,000 square feet.

Figure 7.6 illustrates the Subareas set forth in this section.

7**.2.7 Elements of Retail Continuity along Foothill** Boulevard and the North Road in the Village

7.4.1 Parking

The following standards shall apply to all retail or mixed use structures facing either Foothill Boulevard between Angeles Crest Highway and Rinetti Lane, or the North Road between Civic Center Drive and Oakwood Avenue.

7.2.7.1 Storefronts shall contain substantially the same elements as illustrated in Figure 7.7. Real architectural elements, doors, windows, etc. related to usable interior spaces shall be provided. "Stage set" facades created by painted images or applying detail to blank walls are prohibited.

7.3 **Development Standards for the Specific Plan Area Outside of the Village Center**

The Specific Plan area that is located outside the Village Center includes the area in the Specific Plan boundary that is west of Angeles Crest Highway and east of Rinetti Lane. For development in this area, setbacks and building height requirements shall be as defined in Sections 7.5 - 7.10 of this Plan for residential, mixed use and institutional projects.

7.4 **Development Standards Applicable to the Entire Downtown Village Specific Plan Area**

The following development standards shall apply to all development in the Downtown Village Specific Plan. The Specific Plan area is illustrated and described in Chapter 2.

When a Parking District is established in the Village Center at a future time by the City, applicants may subsequently purchase "in lieu" parking spaces outside of their properties as a substitute or supplement to the provision of onsite spaces.

The pedestrian environment being created through the Specific Plan will create more multiple-purpose trips and walking, as opposed to driving, between some of the destinations resulting in reduced parking requirements for Commercial, Office and Restaurant Uses. If the Village Center Parking District is established, then the following parking ratios shall apply. If the Village Center Parking District is not established, then the current parking provisions of the DVSP shall apply.

- 7.4.1.1
- 7.4.1.2
- 7.4.1.3

7.4.1.4

Multi-family Residential in the MU 12 and MU 25 districts, and DVSP-HEIOZⁱⁱ:

General Commercial (retail sales and service): 3.75 spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross building area.

Professional or Business Office: 3.0 spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross building area.

Multi-family Residential in the MU 1, MU 2, and Residential Districtsⁱ:

Resident Parking:

- One parking space per bedroom, with a maximum of 2 parking spaces per dwelling unit.
- When multi-family residential development is part of a project with a commercial component, shared parking is permitted

Senior Citizen Multi-family Residential Parking:

o 0 bedrooms/du: 0.5 space/du

• 1 or more bedrooms/du: 1 space/du

Guest Residential Parking:

o .25 space/du

Off-Street Loading: 1 space

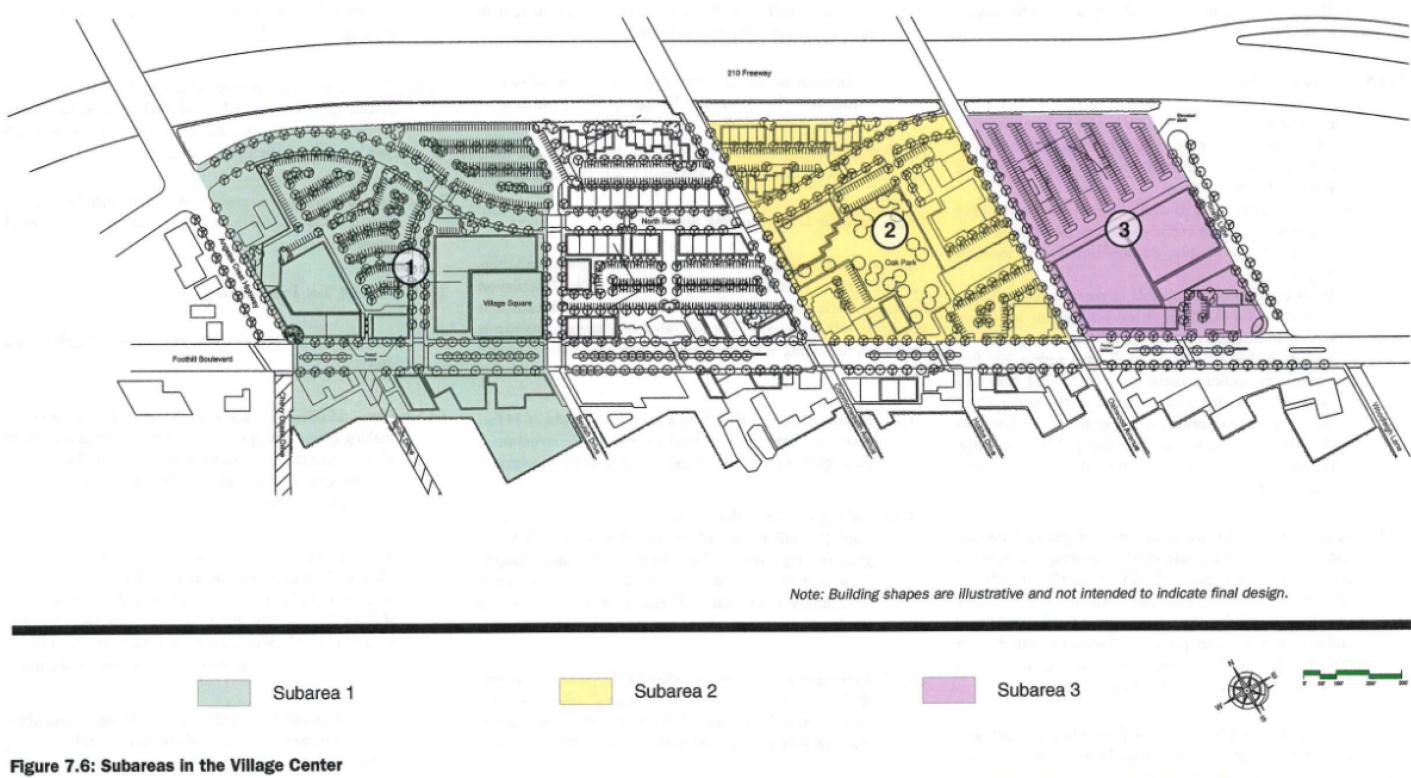
Resident Parking:

• 0-1 bedrooms/du: 1 space/du

• 2 or more bedrooms/du: 2 spaces/du

• When multi-family residential development is constructed in the DVSP-HEIOZ, parking may be shared between the religious and residential uses as permitted in Government Code Section 65913.6.

- Senior Citizen Multi-family Residential Parking:
 - 0 bedrooms/du: 0.5 space/du
 - 1 or more bedrooms/du: 1 space/du
- Guest Residential Parking:
 - MU 12 and MU 25: 0.25 space/du
 - DVSP-HEIOZ: No minimum required
- Off-Street Loadingⁱⁱⁱ: 1 space
- 7.4.1.4 Restaurants or entertainment establishments or trade schools:
 - Where seats are not fixed, one parking space per 60 square feet of floor area available to customers.
 - Where seats are fixed, one parking space per each 2.25 seats or 40.5 inches of a fixed bench.
 - PLUS, one parking space per 30 square feet of floor area available to customers for carry—out service or customer waiting area.



- PLUS, one parking space per 2 employees of the largest shifts.
- 7.4.1.5 Schools and Churches
 - Every building used in whole or in part for an elementary school, public or private, having no grade above the eighth, shall have within 500 feet thereof, one parking space for each classroom.
 - Every building used in whole or part for a school for grades nine through twelve shall have one parking space for each classroom, plus one additional space for each 50 pupils.
 - Every building used in whole or part for the gathering of persons for deliberation or worship; or used as a school auditorium of a school in which any pupil is in a grade higher than eight, shall have within 500 feet thereof one parking space for each 5 fixed seats and one space for each 35 square feet of the usable floor area of such auditorium where seats are not fixed, in the largest auditorium used for public assembly. (Eighteen inches of bench seating shall equate to one fixed seat).
- Parking spaces shall not be less than 9 feet in width and 7.4.1.6 20 feet in depth, except that parking spaces with sides abutting a wall, curb, fence or similar obstruction, shall be a minimum of 11 feet in width.
- 7.4.1.7 Affordable Housing:
 - The minimum number of parking spaces provided may be reduced for affordable housing units in accordance with Chapter 11.19 (Affordable Housing Density Bonus) and as otherwise provided for in California Density Bonus Law (Government Code Sections 65915, et seq.) or as otherwise provided for by Government Code, or under other appropriate circumstances when written evidence justifying the reduction is provided and approved by the decisionmaker.

- 7.4.1.7 Parking Lot Site Plans: Ninety-degree parking is encouraged throughout the Downtown Village Specific Plan area. 7.4.
- Drive-through service lanes: Drive-through service 7.4.1.8 lanes are not permitted in the Downtown Village Specific Plan.
- 7.4.2 **Standards for Parking Structures**

Three potential parking structure locations in the Downtown Village Specific Plan are identified in Figure 5.1, Specific Plan Circulation System. Each structure's potential approximate location is identified with a triangle. The following development standards shall apply to parking structure(s) in the Downtown Village Specific Plan:

- 7.4.2.1 Parking structures shall have a maximum height of 14 feet above the lowest grade level on which the structure is developed. Subterranean parking structures are encouraged, and will be excluded from the calculation of a building's FAR.
- 7.4.2.2 Parking structures shall be located at least 100 feet away from Foothill Boulevard unless below grade. If below grade parking is provided in a structure abutting Foothill Boulevard, then retail shall be provided above the structure to maintain a continuity of retail activity along Foothill Boulevard. Projects with 100% multi-family residential development are exempt from this requirement.
- To maximize ease of use and security, the parking 7.4.2.3 structures shall be constructed with "clear spans" related to each circulation aisle and related doubleloaded set of parking stalls, i.e. columns between parking spaces are not allowed.

	Columns parking s
7.4.2.4	The inter bright, lig be provid foot cand
7.4.3	Parking
7.4.3.1	One plan parking a
7.4.3.2	One addi parking moveme adjacent minimum
7.4.3.3	At least of planter. A or greate shall be 2 trees sh Preserve possible.
7.4.3.4	Clusterin througho

Columns between each set of aisles and double loaded stalls are allowed.

> rior of any parking structure shall be painted with ght-reflective color and artificial illumination shall ided to create a minimum foot-candle level of 5dles on the parking deck.

Lot Landscaping

nter shall be provided at each end of each aisle.

ditional planter shall be provided for every 10 spaces. Except as required for vehicular ent, planter lengths shall equal the length of the t parking spaces. Each planter shall be a m of 5 feet in inside width.

one tree shall be provided per each prescribed At least 25% of the trees shall be 48-inch box size er at planting, and an additional 25% of the trees 24-inch box size or greater at planting. All other hall be 15-gallon size or greater at planting. e mature trees on the site to the greatest extent Э.

ng of planters and trees is encouraged oughout parking lots to create a natural appearance and is required in parking lots with 40 or more parking stalls. A cluster is defined as three or more trees. The areas provided or required for clustered plantings shall meet or exceed the planter area required in Section

(Revised September 12, 2023)

7.4.4

7.4.4.1

7.4.4.2

- 7.4.3.5 At least 75% of the required trees shall be of species having a mature canopy index of at least 500. (The canopy index is the product of the mature canopy width multiplied by the mature tree height in feet.)
- 7.4.3.6 Tree Shading: Trees shall be planted and maintained throughout the surface parking lot to ensure that, within 15 years after establishment of the parking lot, at least 50 percent of the parking area will be shaded. Shading should be calculated by using the diameter of the tree crown at 15 years.
 - Applicable Area: Except as provided below, all a. surfacing on which a vehicle can drive is subject to shade calculation, including all parking stalls; all drives within the property, regardless of length, and including drive- through lanes; and all maneuvering area, regardless of depth. The following surfaced areas are exempt from this shade requirement: i) truck loading area in front of overhead doors; ii) truck maneuvering and parking areas unconnected to and exclusive of any vehicle parking; iii) surfaced areas not to be used for vehicle parking, driving or maneuvering, provided they are made inaccessible to vehicles by a barrier such as bollards or fencing; and iv) Play areas associated with institutional uses.
 - Planting Criteria: Each planting area shall be of b. adequate size for the landscaping approved and shall have adequate irrigation for that landscaping. All landscaping (trees, shrubs, and turf) in these planting areas shall be properly maintained. The Design Commission shall establish a list of species appropriate for providing shade in parking lots and shall review site plans of each parking lot to determine whether or not the lot complies with this Section. Trees planted in order to comply with the regulations of the Section shall be selected from the list prepared by the Design Commission. The Design Commission shall have the discretion to modify tree shading requirements under power lines and other obstructions which prohibit strict compliance with shading requirements, and to give shading credit for photovoltaic arrays, off-site trees and structures, sidewalk canopies, and

other structures, where appropriate. Bicycle Parking Development Standards	7.4.4.3	Commer acre in s every 20 minimum
Multi-family Residences: Every residential use of 4 or more dwelling units <u>shall</u> provide at least one sheltered bicycle parking space for each dwelling unit. Sheltered bicycle parking spaces may be located within a garage,	7.4.4.4	Exemption family dv
storage shed, basement, utility room or similar area. In those instances in which the residential complex has no garage or other easily accessible storage unit, the bicycle parking spaces may be sheltered from sun and precipitation under an eave, overhang, an independent structure, or <u>similar</u> cover.	ity room or similar area. In 7.4.4.5 residential complex has no cessible storage unit, the be sheltered from sun and	Location convenie one bui wheneve with the o
Schools: Elementary and middle schools, both private and public, shall provide one bicycle parking space for every 10 students and employees. High schools shall	7.4.4.6	Visibility cyclists f entrance
provide one bicycle parking space for every 5 students and employees. All spaces should be sheltered under an eave, overhang, independent structure or similar cover.	7.4.4.7	Options long-tern a bicycle secure si
	7.4.4.8	Lighting: automob
	7.4.4.9	Bicycle F

7.4.4.3 Commercial: Commercial development greater than one acre in size shall provide one bicycle parking space for every 20 vehicle parking spaces. There shall be a minimum of 10 bicycle parking spaces.

ions: These standards do not apply to single welling units.

n and Design: Bicycle parking shall be located ently to both the street right-of-way and at least uilding entrance. It should be incorporated er possible into building design and coordinated design of street furniture when it is provided.

and Security: Bicycle parking shall be visible to from streets, and from sidewalks or building es so that it provides sufficient security.

for Storage: Bicycle parking requirements for m and employee parking can be met by providing e storage room, bicycle lockers, racks or other storage space inside or outside of the buildings.

: Bicycle parking shall be at least as well lit as bile parking for security.

Bicycle Path Connections: New development providing bicycle parking north of Foothill Boulevard in the Village Center shall provide on-site bicycle connections from the designated bicycle parking facilities on the site to the dedicated public bicycle path along the North Road.

7.4.7.3

7.4.5 Lighting

- 7.4.5.1 Exterior lighting for parking and pedestrian walkways shall provide for safety and security without excess lighting and glare. Lighting shall be energy efficient and shall provide warm illumination spectrums to create a more comfortable pedestrian environment.
- Light fixtures on parking lot lights within 100 feet of any 7.4.5.2 residential structure shall include cutoff shields to prevent glare to abutting residential structures.
- 7.4.5.3 Exterior lighting mounted upon a building shall be subject to design review, and be of minimal intensity, except where oriented toward outdoor areas as security lighting.
- 7.4.5.4 High intensity lighting, such as neon perimeter strips, is not allowed.

Freestanding Walls 7.4.6

- 7.4.6.1 The use of freestanding walls within the Downtown Village Specific Plan area is not encouraged. Where walls are required for screening purposes, they should be faced with the same material as the primary material of the structure to which the wall is related.
- 7.4.6.2 If walls are required between residential and commercial projects in a mixed use district, the wall shall be 6 feet in height arid shall be constructed of solid concrete, brick, stone, plaster over concrete block --whichever materials are harmonious with the residential and commercial projects being separated. In addition, there shall be a 5-foot landscaped buffer between the freestanding wall and the commercial use.

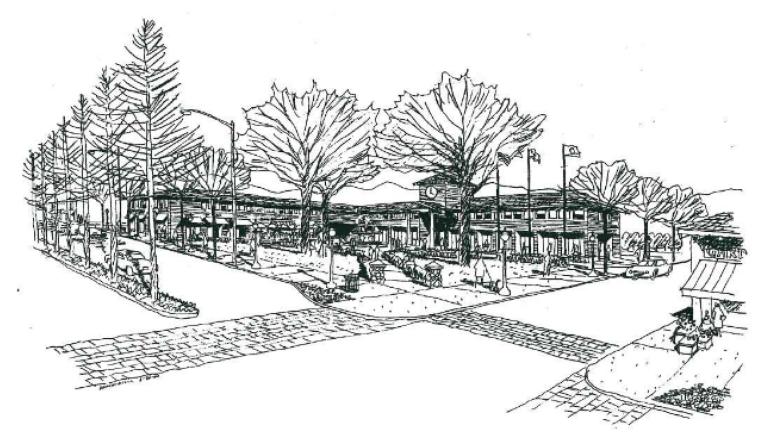
Retaining walls shall be of the same materials noted 7.4.6.3 above with same materials facing visible portions of walls.

7.4.7 **Equipment and Utilities**

- Freestanding building service equipment shall not be 7.4.7.1 visible from the public streets, shall be located for easily accessible service, and shall be screened to minimize noise impact on neighboring properties.
- 7.4.7.2 Roof-mounted equipment shall be screened from public view from the public streets by integration into the roofs and/or parapet components, and shall be properly located and screened to minimize noise.

Exterior, wall-mounted equipment shall not be located facing the public streets and shall be designed as an integral part of the building facades facing onto the rear parking areas. Utility conduits shall be integrated within the walls of new structures and meters shall be visible only to the extent required for meter readings by the utility companies. 7.4.7.4 No storage area shall be located within 3 feet of windows unless it is screened.

7.4.7.5 Utility service lines shall comply with the Underground Utilities Ordinance.



The Village Square and Civic Center located between Foothill Boulevard and the North Road. The Village Square will be a new community gathering place with restaurants, shops and a major entrance to the Civic Center at its edges.

7.4.8 Refuse Areas

- 7.4.8.1 At least one screened refuse area shall be provided per development. Refuse areas shall be at least 10 square feet in area per 1,000 square feet of building, or compactors shall be utilized which can compress trash equivalently to the above requirement. There compactors are utilized, they shall be completely enclosed within walls and aroof.
- 7.4.8.2 Compactor enclosures shall include roof ventilation and shall have drainage lines connecting to the sewer and water spigots for hosing down of compactor enclosures.
- 7.4.8.3 All refuse storage areas shall be accessible for pickup. They shall be located away from public streets at the rear or side of buildings and screened from public view to the extent possible. Where refuse or compactor enclosures must be visible, they shall be thoughtfully designed as an integral part of the rear building façade.

(Revised September 12, 2023)

e area shall be provided per s shall be at least 10 square		7.4.8.4 For new structures, refuse or compactor enclosures shall be integrated within the rear building facade as opposed to projecting.	7.4.8.6	Each smoc drain
square feet of building, or d which can compress trash pove requirement. There they shall be completely	7.4.8.5	For rehabilitated structures, trash or compactors shall be integrated into the rear building façade if reasonably possible. If it can be demonstrated that integration of the structure within the façade is not	7.4.8.7	Recy shall Recy
aroof.		possible, then exterior enclosures shall be attached to the building with careful design of the enclosure as an	7.4.9	Outd
Il include roof ventilation and connecting to the sewer and wn of compactor enclosures.		integral part of the appearance of the rear façade. The materials facing the enclosure shall be the same as the primary material of the rest of the façade.	7.4.9.1	Outd by th a wri plan
hall be accessible for pickup. ay from public streets at the nd screened from public view Where refuse or compactor				unob width at clostruc
le, they shall be thoughtfully rt of the rear building façade.			7.4.10	Sign
manto.	ar j	SWIGHT STATES	7.4.10.1	Build See addit interp
).		7.4.11	Irriga
LEATHER LINER			7.4.11.1	Autor all lar
	1 3/2	the second se		

Residential and/or office uses will be located above commercial uses along the North Road.

ch storage area and the access to it shall be both, level concrete and provided with a water line, in and self-closing gate.

cycling: All projects within the Specific Plan area Il comply with the City's Source Reduction and cycling Element.

tdoor Merchandise Display

tdoor merchandise displays are subject to approval the Director of Community Development based on written description of the proposed display, a site n and a schedule. Displays shall retain a clear, obstructed adjoining sidewalk area of at least 6 feet in th. Outdoor merchandise displays shall be removed close of business daily. No permanent display uctures are allowed.

nage

Iding signage shall comply with the Zoning Code. e also the City's Design Options Manual for litional information regarding signage principles as rpreted from the aforementioned ordinances.

gation and Maintenance

comated underground irrigation shall be provided for landscaped areas.



Figure 7.7: Façade Design - Storefront Elements, Modulation and Signage Locations



Blade signage can assist pedestrians and drivers in finding stores while adding interest to the streetscape.



A well designed storefront incorporating many of the elements noted in Figure 7.7.



Rear facades can also have attractive displays and signage.

7.4.11.2 All planters shall be permanently maintained with proper care, including weeding, pruning, irrigation and plant replacement as needed to comply with approved landscaping plans.

7.4.12 **Tree Preservation**

7.4.12.1 Trees on private or public property shall be preserved in accordance with the Municipal Code.

7.4.13 Façade Design

- 7.4.13.1 Storefronts shall be articulated within the primary rhythm of 15 to 25-foot modules.
- 7.4.13.2 Window displays should be provided in the modulated storefronts.

7.4.14 **Architectural Styles**

- 7.4.14.1 Building designs for all structures 35,000 square feet in area or larger shall be influenced in terms of materials, colors, forms and details by the following architectural styles: Spanish, Mission, Spanish Colonial Revival and Italian Renaissance
- 7.4.14.2 Building designs for all structures less than 35,000 square feet in area shall be influenced in terms of materials, colors, forms and details by the following architectural styles: Spanish, Mission, Spanish Colonial Revival, Italian Renaissance and Craftsman and Monterey.

Examples of typical Craftsman palettes include: wood, 7.4.14.3 7.5.2 stained in warm earth-tone colors; plaster, colored in warm tan or light brown colors; wood shingles, real wood, fire resistance treated and stained a dark: brown or composite shingles simulating the appearance of wooden shingles; brick or stone.

> Examples of typical Spanish Revival material and color palettes include: plaster wall surfaces with whites or light pastel tones such as a warm cream; red tiled roofs; trim around windows or doors in either subdued colon or brighter accent colors such as blues or green

7.5 **Development Standards for Multi-Family Residential** Projects in Residential or Mixed Use 2 Districts of the Downtown Village Specific Plan. Except as Otherwise Provided for in the MU 12 and MU 25 Districts and the **DVSP-HEIOZ**

The following development standards shall apply to all multifamily residential development in the Residential and Mixed Use 2 Districts of the Downtown Village Specific Plan, except as otherwise provided for in the MU 12 and MU 25 Districts and DVSP-HEIOZ.

7.5.1 Setbacks:

- The front yard setbacks required for a multi-family residential development shall be an average of five feet from the front property line for the ground foor and second floor, and an average of ten feet for the third floor.
- There shall be a minimum rear yard setback of 5 feet for multi-family residential units, or 15 feet when abutting Residential land use district. Any project abutting a Residential land use district shall comply with R-1 building bulk limits along the common boundary.
- Corner side yards shall be an average of five (5) feet for the ground floor and second floor, and an average of ten (10) feet for the third floor.
- Interior side setbacks shall be zero (0) feet, or when abutting a Residential land use district an average of fifteen (15) feet for the ground and second floors, and an average of 20 feet for the third floor.

Height: Residential structures shall not exceed two stories, or 24 feet in wall height and 32 feet to the highest point of the roof. Residential structures fronting on Foothill Boulevard in the Village Center shall comply with the height provisions set forth in the Section 7.2.3.

7.5.3

7.6

Plan.

• Common open space shall be provided at a rate of 150 square feet per dwelling unit. All common open space must be outdoor area on the ground which is open to the elements and which is designed and used for outdoor living and/or recreation, whether such area is paved or not, except that up to 50 percent of required common open space may be provided as common indoor recreational amenities such as exercise rooms, indoor theaters, or activity rooms.

circulation areas.

Standards Single-Family Development for Residential Projects in the Downtown Village Specific Plan

The following development standards shall apply to all singlefamily residential development in the Downtown Village Specific Plan.

7.6.1	Minimun family re feet.
7.6.2	All other for in the
7.7	Develop

In addition to the standards in Sections 7.2 - 7.4, the following development standards shall apply to all mixed-use development (commercial with residential, commercial with office uses in the same structure, or all residential) in the Downtown Village Specific

(Revised September 12, 2023)

Open Space:

• Common open space shall not include parking or vehicle

m Lot Size: The minimum lot size for singleesidential development shall be 5,000 square

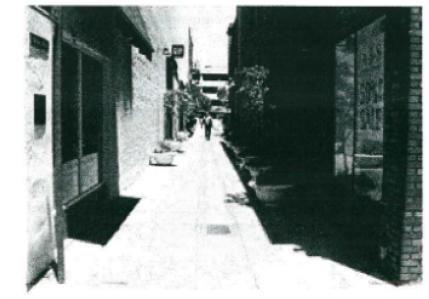
r development standards shall be as provided e Single-family (R-1) Zone of the Zoning Code.

pment Standards for Mixed Use Projects in the Downtown Village Specific Plan

Height: The overall height of mixed use and/or 7.7.1 residential structures shall not exceed 24 feet for walls and 32 feet to the top of the roof, except that structures in the MU 25 district shall not exceed 35' to the top of the roof. Structures fronting Foothill Boulevard in the Village Center are subject to the height requirements of Section 7.2.3., except as provided for in Sections 7.9 and 7.10.



Outdoor dining can use a combination of sidewalk space and/or open air setbacks within buildings.



7.7.2



Midblock pass-throughs can occur either between or within buildings. They facilitate ease of pedestrian access between parking and shops.

Noise and Vibration: Residential uses shall be located only above commercial uses that do not generate

substantial amounts of noise or vibration in then operation. Examples of such uses include specialty retail shops and small restaurants. Hours of operation shall be considered by the Planning Commission during the review process for the commercial use.

7.7.3 Residential or office uses over commercial uses on the North Road shall be designed such that noise and vibration transmissions between vertically and horizontally separated uses is minimized by appropriate construction techniques, including density of separation materials, isolation of structural and/or mechanic al elements, and other appropriate building code measures.

The following development standards shall apply to all residential development in the Mixed Use 1 District, when residential units are located above ground floor commercial uses:

- 7.7.4 Unit Footprints: Upper level residential units shall not project beyond the ground level, commercial building footprint except for balconies or bay windows.
- Balconies and Bay Windows: Balconies and Bay 7.7.5 Windows may project up to 4 feet beyond the ground floor commercial building and over the public sidewalks along the North Road.

7.8 **Development Standards for Institutional Projects in** the Downtown Village Specific Plan

The following development standards shall apply to Institutional Projects in the Downtown Village Specific Plan.

- 7.8.1 The Civic Center shall be located north of Foothill Boulevard and south of the North Road, contiguous with and visually and functionally related to the Village Park. The Civic Center shall be located north of the Village Park so as to minimize impacts on views of the mountains to the north.
- 7.8.2 Other Institutional Uses: All other institutional uses shall comply with the provisions of the Public/Semi-Public Zone of the Zoning Code.

Development Standards for **Multi-Family Residential Projects in Mixed Use 12 and Mixed Use** 25 Districts of the Downtown Village Specific Plan

The following development standards shall apply to all multifamily residential development in the MU 12 and MU 25 Districts. Development standards not included below shall be as provided in this Specific Plan or Title 11 (Zoning Code) of the LCFMC.

7.9.1 Minimum Lot Size: No minimum lot size is required for multi-family residential development.

7.9.2 Setbacks^{iv}:

7.9

- The front yard setbacks required for a multi-family residential development shall be an average of five feet from the front property line for the ground foor and second floor, and an average of ten feet for the third floor.
- There shall be a minimum rear yard setback of 5 feet for multi-family residential units, or 15 feet when abutting a Residential land use district. Any project abutting a Residential land use district shall comply with R-1 building bulk limits along the common boundary.
- Corner side yards shall be zero feet, or fifteen (15) feet when abutting a Residential land use district.
- Interior side setbacks shall be zero feet, or an average of fifteen (15) feet when abutting a Residential land use district for the ground and second floors, and an average of 20 feet for the third floor.
- 7.9.3 Building Height^v:^{vi}
 - MU 12 District: 2 stories and 25' maximum roof height
 - MU 25 District: 3 stories and 35' maximum roof height

7.9.4 Open Space:

- activity rooms.
- circulation areas.

7.10

Downtown Village Specific Plan (DVSP)-Housing Element Implementation Overlay Zone (HEIOZ)

Certain sites in the Institutional district that are owned by religious organizations and that are included in Appendix C of the 6th Cycle Housing Element are designated with the Downtown Village Sepcific Plan (DVSP) Housing Element Implementation Overlay Zone (HEIOZ), or DVSP-HEIOZ. The DVSP-HEIOZ allows, but does not require, these sites to be developed with multi-family residential units that meet minimum affordability requirements, as long as the religious facility operates a religious use on a minimum of ten (10) percent of the site. The following development standards apply to the DVSP-HEIOZ.

The following development standards shall apply to all multifamily residential development in the DVSP-HEIOZ. Development standards not included below shall be in accordance with the standards in the Institutional district.

7.10.1 Minimum Lot Size: No minimum lot size is required for multi-family residential development.

7.10.2. Setbacks:

• Common open space shall be provided at a rate of 150 square feet per dwelling unit. All common open space must be outdoor area on the ground which is open to the elements and which is designed and used for outdoor living and/or recreation, whether such area is paved or not, except that up to 50 percent of required common open space may be provided as common indoor recreational amenities such as exercise rooms, indoor theaters, or

• Common open space shall not include parking or vehicle

• The front vard setbacks required for a multi-family residential development shall be an average of five feet from the front property line for the ground foor and second floor, and an average of ten feet for the third floor.

• There shall be a minimum rear yard setback of 5 feet for multi-family residential units, or 15 feet when abutting a Residential land use district. Any project abutting a

Residential land use district shall comply with R-1 building bulk limits along the common boundary.

• Corner side yards shall be an average of five (5) feet for the ground floor and second floor, and an average of ten (10) feet for the third floor.

 Interior side setbacks shall be zero feet, or an average of fifteen (15) feet when abutting a Residential land use district for the ground and second floors, and an average of 20 feet for the third floor.

7.10.3 Building Height:

• 3 stories and 35' maximum roof height^{v,vi}

7.10.4 Open Space:

- Common open space shall be provided at a rate of 150 square feet per dwelling unit. All common open space must be outdoor area on the ground which is open to the elements and which is designed and used for outdoor living and/or recreation, whether such area is paved or not, except that up to 50 percent of required common open space may be provided as common indoor recreational amenities such as exercise rooms, indoor theaters, or activity rooms.
- Common open space shall not include parking or vehicle circulation areas.
 - Open space requirements:
 - Common Open Space^{vii}: 150 sq. ft./du

7.11 Design Guidelines for the Downtown Village **Specific Plan**

The following design guidelines are suggested to supplement the requirements of the development standards. The design guidelines are not required to apply to the MU 12 and MU 25 districts and the DVSP-HEIOZ

- Store entries from both Foothill Boulevard and the 7.11.1 parking areas behind the stores along Foothill Boulevard are encouraged.
- 7.11.2 Infill of small, one-story structures along Foothill Boulevard is encouraged to enhance the continuity of the pedestrian experience. (Buildings shown with double outline in Figure 7.1)
- 7.11.3 Outdoor dining is encouraged along the sidewalks of Foothill Boulevard, the North Road and at the edge of the Village Square. A minimum of five feet passage shall be maintained for pedestrians at all times. Outdoor



Outdoor dining can be completely within the public right-of-way.

7.11.8

dining may occupy up to fifty (50) percent of the sidewalk right- of-way. The exact layout for outdoor dining shall be subject to Design Review and shall take into consideration the location of street trees and street furniture to ensure that pedestrian flow is not impeded. Planning Commission review is required for outdoor speakers.

- 7.11.4 Open air setbacks in commercial strictures are permitted. Interior entrances to ground floor retail may be set back to allow for outdoor use. Examples include outdoor dining, display, or entry forecourts. Elements defining the wall plane at the sidewalk line are required for such setback.
- Mid-block pass-throughs, either within structures or 7.11.5 exterior, are encouraged to provide ease of access to parking areas and add interest to the pedestrian experience.
- 7.11.6 Shared compactor areas within blocks are encouraged.
- 7.11.7 Lighting of building facades and landscaping is encouraged.

(Revised September 12, 2023)



Design review of multi-family residential developments in the Downtown Village shall include factors intended to achieve high quality, up-scale residential development including:

 An appropriate number of units per building to avoid a massive appearance to the project.

 Consideration of the immediate edges of residential projects according to the variety of edge conditions including Foothill Boulevard, the North Road, the freeway, adjoining non-residential uses and edges with existing R-1 land use districts south of Foothill Boulevard.

Larger unit sizes with generous patios.

¹ The minimum number of parking spaces provided may be reduced for affordable housing units in accordance with Chapter 11.19 (Affordable Housing Density Bonus) and as otherwise provided for in California Density Bonus Law (Government

ⁱⁱ The minimum number of parking spaces provided may be reduced for affordable housing units in accordance with Chapter 11.19 (Affordable Housing Density Bonus) and as otherwise provided for in California Density Bonus Law (Government Code Sections 65915, et seq.) or as otherwise provided for by Government Code, or under other appropriate circumstances when written evidence justifying the reduction is provided and approved by the decisionmaker.

ⁱⁱⁱ A minimum of 1 off-street loading space shall be provided to ensure adequate area to accommodate loading for moving trucks, delivery vehicles, ride-sharing vehicle pick-up and drop-off, and other similar activities, consistent with the size of the development, to the satisfaction of the Director of Community Development. Such space(s), whether provided inside or outside a building, shall be in addition to the number of parking spaces otherwise required in this chapter. The off-street loading space(s) shall be designed so as not to impede normal vehicular and pedestrian circulation.

^{iv} A ground-level porch, uncovered or covered and open on three sides, may encroach into a required setback by up to 50 percent of the required setback.

^v For any building or building segment located within 50 feet of a street right-of- way, building height shall not exceed the height identified for the land use district, measured from the curb elevation adjacent the building or building segment to the highest point of the building or building or building segment. Where a lot has frontage on two or more streets, height shall be measured in relation to the lowest curb elevation adjacent to the building or building or building or building segment. located in excess of 50 feet from a street right-of- way, no portion of a building or building segment shall exceed the height identified for the land use district by more than twenty (20) percent. For purposes of this requirement, height shall be measured from the existing grade or adjacent finished grade, whichever is lower, to the highest point of the building or building segment. To determine compliance with this section, the Community Development Director may require applicants to submit a topographic survey of the project site, and, if necessary, portions of adjacent sites, prepared by a licensed surveyor or licensed civil engineer, depicting existing contours and the contours of finished grade, if different from existing grade, at elevation change intervals no greater than five feet (5'). Survey measurements also shall indicate the elevations of adjoining curbs or street pavements if no curb exists.

vi Appurtenances may exceed the height limit up to 15' for up to 20% of total roof area. For the purposes of this chapter, appurtenances are defined as: a tower, spire, cupola, dome, chimney, mechanical equipment, elevator tower, stairwell, pool equipment, fire equipment, ventilating fans, water tanks, cooling towers, solar panels or the structure to support solar equipment in compliance with state law, guard rails required by the building code for rooftop decks or terraces, permanent trellises and shade structures on rooftop decks or terraces, or other features determined by the Director of Community Development to be similar.

vii Any common open space provided to meet the required common open space standard in the DVSP-HEIOZ shall comply with the following requirements:

- a. Must be designed and used for active or passive recreational purposes.
- b. Must be easily accessible to all residents within the project.
- c. Shall not include parking or vehicle circulation areas.
- d. Shall have a minimum level surface dimension of 10 feet.
- e. A community garden may provide up to 20 percent of the total required common open space.
- Rooftop decks and terraces may be used to satisfy this requirement. f.
- Noth withstanding the standards above, open space on the religious facility portion of the site that is made available to the residential portion of the development (via a development agreement or other similar instrument) may be counted a. toward up to 50% of the required open space for the residential portion.

- Code Sections 65915, et seq.) or as otherwise provided for by Government Code, or under other appropriate circumstances when written evidence justifying the reduction is provided and approved by the decisionmaker.